**3.ETS1.A: Defining and Delimiting Engineering Problems**

Possible solutions to a problem are limited by available materials and resources (constraints). The success of a designed solution is determined by considering the desired features of a solution (criteria). Different proposals for solutions can be compared on the basis of how well each one meets the specified criteria for success or how well each takes the constraints into account. (3-5ETS1-1)

**3.ETS1.B: Developing Possible Solutions**

Research on a problem should be carried out before beginning to design a solution. Testing a solution involves investigating how well it performs under a range of likely conditions. (3-5ETS1-2)

Test are often designed to identify failure points or difficulties, which suggest the elements of the design that need to be improved. (3-5ETS1-3)

**3.ETS1.C: Optimizing the Design Solution**

Different solutions need to be tested in order to determine which of them best solves the problem, given the criteria and the constraints. (3-5ETS1-3)

**Science and Engineering Practice**

**Asking Questions and Defining Problems**

Asking questions and defining problems in grades 3–5 builds from grades K–2 experiences and progresses to specifying qualitative relationships. Define a simple design problem that can be solved through the development of an object, tool, process, or system and includes several criteria for success and constraints on materials, time, or cost. (3-5ETS1-1)

Planning and carrying out investigations to answer questions or test solutions to problems in 3–5 builds on K–2 experiences and progresses to include investigations that control variables and provide evidence to support explanations or design solutions. Plan and conduct an investigation collaboratively to produce data to serve as the basis for evidence, using fair tests in which variables are controlled and the number of trials considered. (3-5ETS1-3)

**Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions**

Constructing explanations and designing solutions in 3–5 builds on K–2 experiences and progresses to the use of evidence in constructing explanations that specify variables that describe and predict phenomena and in designing multiple solutions to design problems. Generate and compare multiple solutions to a problem based on how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the design problem. (3-5ETS1-2)